TESTIMONY CLOSED IN CLARK CASE.

Money Used in Prosecuting the Charges Comes From Marcus Daly.

STATEMENT OF EXPENDITURES.

Payment of the Indehtedness on the Ranch of Representative Wood - Purchasing Real Estate.

Waster on March 2-Just before the televirum is of the Sengte Committee of Elections today, both the prosecution and the defense in the investigation of the election of Someter Clark of Montana and nearest that they had concluded the pre-centation of rectimony. There are some pahere to be examined and argument is still a be bound. Arrangements for this will be made to-morrow.

The committee reserves the right to call

witnesses in its own behalf, but the feeling is general that the goddous, part of the work is finished. All witnesses called by either side have been excused, and many of them departed to-night for their homes up to date one hundred witnesses have been examined. Their testimony will fill between 2.400 and 2.500 pages.
The expense to the Government so far

has been about \$3,668. A number of wit-nesses were examined in-day, but the only one who gave important testimony was James W. Kemper of Butte whose state-

of his expenditures in connection with the prosecution of the case against Senator Clark of Montana. The statement showed the following feotings: Establishing and purchasing newspapers.

\$19,500; expenses in the present investiga-tion and in the Wellcome disparment procedings \$21,700. Mr. Campbell said that the \$19,250 had been expended on the three papers, the Livingstone Enterprise, the Boneman Chromicanal the Carbon County Democrat, which had been purchased or established to oppose what they believed were corrupt practices in politics.

pose what they believed were corrupt practices in politics.

The money in these cases had only been loaned. The other expenditures included all money spent to date on account of witnesses, aftorneys and detectives in the prosecution of the case. It did not know ever, include counsel fees in the pending investigation. Mr. Campbell did not know what these charges would be. All the money thus expended had been received from Mr. Daly.

State Senator Henry L. Myers was recalled and questioned concerning Ben Hill's statements in his affidavit concerning himself was correct, while Hill's statement before the committee relating to him was in the main incurrect. It was true, he said, that Hill had frequently come to him during the session of the Legislature, reiling him that he came from Senator Clark; that Clark wanted him to come to his room and that he (Hill-could get him \$2,000 for his vote. He had told hill that he thought \$10,000 was enough for his vote and that if Chark wanted to pay that sum for it he could put the money in Mr. Whiteside's hands, Mr. Myers was also asked if it was true, as Charley Clark had told him telepic lock sent to him by Chark had told him telepic had to him by Chark had told him telepic heads that the Affective that he appreciated that the \$600 check sent to him by Chark

had told him (Clark) that he appreciated that the \$500 check sent to him by Clark was merely a business matter.

"That statement," he said, 'is absolutely faise if the check had been received as a mere business matter I should certainly have acknowledged its receipt, as I do in all besiness matters, When I received the check I regarded it as a bait to a bribe, and I ignored it, as it was proper I should."

To a bribe, and I ignored it, as it was proper I should."

James W. Kemper, a real estate dealer of Butte, was examined with reference to the indebtedness on the ranch of Representative E. B. Woods of Raveill County, which indebtedness had been paid off, the purchase price being \$5.20. Bocumentary evidence was also produced by the prosecution to show that about the same time a chattel mortgage given by Woods for fi.00 had been paid and released.

Miles Finien, a member of the Legislature from Silver Bow County, and a friend of Daly, said that he had not furnished any of the \$50,000 used by Whiteside in his exposure.

his exposure.
"I don't give up money so easily," he

"I don't give up money so easily," he said.

E. L. Whitmore, a supporter of Mr. Clark, said he had acted as agent for C. W. Clark in the purchase of real estate from State Senator Warner just prior to the meeting of the Legislature. The land, he said, had been purchased because of the prospect of the location of a smelter in the vicinity of the property, which would enhance its value. The title was taken in his name because of the difficulty of making deals at a reasonable price where a man of wealth is known to be the prospective purchaser. He was in the habit of doing business for Mr. Clark, the volume ranging from \$10,00 to \$70,000. Pald in Casb.

He had paid Mr. Warner with cash, be-cause Mr. Warner desired the payment made that way. The witness said that of the money paid Mr. Warner \$5,000 of it was in \$1,000 bills and \$4,000 of the re-mainder was in \$500 bills. He had not paid the money until after the Legislature con-vened.

When Mr. Whitmore left the stand Mr. When Mr. Whitmore set the saind Mr. Blirney announced that the prosecution had completed its case, and the defense then called Mr. Wm. McDermott, who sold, in contradicting Mr. Campbell, that in August, 1988, at the beginning of the anti-Daily campaign, he had paid Mr. Campbell \$20 to pay the latter's expenses to Park County in the Clark interest.

Clark interest.

J. S. M. Neill depled the statement brought J. S. M. Neill denied the statement brought out in the testimony of Justice Piggott to the effect that he hadésent a telephone message from Helena to Butte on August 4 last intimating that the State Supreme Court could be influenced. Mr. Neill said he knew nothing of the special train on which Messrs. Corbett and C. W. Clark went to Helena on August 5 until after the servival in Helena. Mr. Neill also said that his letter-book had not yet arrived from Helena.

Is letter-some has been a substituted of influence any anti-Clark witness to leave Mashington. This was in reply to Mr. Campbell's statements. Ht admitted, however, that he had come to Washington in fir. Clark's interest without being subspensed.

poenaed.

Mr. Hines was the last witness in the case. When he retired Mr. Fauikner announced that his side was ready to close.

Senator Hoar, acting as chairman of the committee, stated that certain papers filed with the committee would be examined tomorrow. He also said that the committee itself would reserve the right to call other eitnesses if it should think proper. The arrangement for the argument in the case will be announced at to-morrow's meeting.

LEGISLATION FOR POSTMASTERS. W. H. Thomas of La Grange, Mo Opens Headquarters.

Deens Headquarters.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Washington, March 2.—W. H. Thomas of La Grange, Mo., is in the city in behalf of legislation for the benefit of the 70,000 fourth-class Postmasters in the country, Mr. Thomas was removed from the La Grange office for taking too much interest in legislation for the benefit of officials of that class. He has opened headquarters in Washington as chairman of what is called the National League of Fourth-class Postmasters of the United States. He said to day to The Republic correspondent:

"The Postmasters of the fourth-class Postmasters of the Cnited States. He said to day to The Republic correspondent:

"The Postmasters of the Cnited States. He said to day to The Republic correspondent:

"The Reverend W. J. Ward Stellina, and Layman J. F. Reushaw.

The Reverend W. J. Ward delivered an address on "Home Department S. S. Work." W. H. Channon of Quincy, and T. W. Chamblis of States, are a patient, long-suffering lot of States are a patie



MARCUS DALY.

chase of State Senator Warner's ranch.

The defense introduced three or four witnesses in rebuttal, among them Mr. J. S. M. Neill of Heienal, He denied sending a message to the effect that the State Superme Court could be influenced in the Well-come disburment case.

When the Senate committee resumed its sitting to-day, Mr. Campbell, still on the witness stand, made a general statement of his expenditures in connection with the prosecution of the case against within the Clark of Montana. The content of the case against within the Clark of Montana. The content of the case against within the delivery of fourthmat dust plan is the most difficult of carrying out and not wholly practical.

Washington, March 2.—The Senate Committee on Indian Affairs had a hearing today on the Thurston amendment to the Indian appropriation bill. The amendment provides for the payment to the traders in the Osage Nation of \$1,000,000 from the trust fund of \$2,000,000 held by the United States Government for the Osage Indians. Henry W. Blair, ex-Senator from New Hampshire, and ex-Governor Samuel Crawford of Kansas appeared as attorneys for the traders holding the claims against the Indians. There is no serious questioning of the indebtedness to the traders, but there is considerable opposition to the adoption of the amendment on the ground that its adoption would mean that the United States Government was constituting itself a collection agency for the benefit of the traders.

Washington Hotel Arrivals. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, March 2.-Hotel arrivals;
Arlington-C. O. Baxter, St. Louis. Arlington-C. O. Baxter, St. Louis, Ebbitt-B. F. Curtis, Winchester, Ky.

B. Y. P. U. CONVENTION.

Officers Elected and Session Closed

-Successful Meeting.

Monroe City, Mo., March 2.-The B. Y. P. U. and S. S. conventions of the Bethel Association opened this morning with devotional exercises led by the Reverend J. A. Day of Shelbyville.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

James West, Living Near Bois D'Arc, Took Strychnine. CBLIC SPECIAL

Springfield, Mo., March 2 - James West, a farmer, living four miles west of Bols D'Arc, committed suicide to-day by taking strychnine. Mr. West bought 5 cents' worth of the poison at a drug store in Bols Worth of the poison at a drug store in Bole
I'Are, went home, and at a o'clock he took
the entire amount. The family learned of
his condition and attempted to administra
an antidote, but their efforts were without
avail. He was determined to die, he said,
and could not be prevailed on. No reason
is assigned for the deed. He leaves a wife
and three children. and three children.

DESCRIPTIONS OF SPION KOP FIGHT.

Why One of the Most Carefully Planned Movements in His-

BRITISH STOOD NO CHANCE.

That is an extract from a prover written by the Archbishop of Armuch, which Lend Roberts has ordered distributed to his religiously awaited the work before them.

"About a wicker, There the troops silently awaited the work before them."

"About a wicker, when the misty cloud

ders in the field.

Quoffus from the full accounts of Buller's aver Spion Kon melted away sufficiently, the conductement to relieve Ladyamath and of the bloody fight at Spion Kop, the prayer behind the rocks and in the trenches across

the bloody fight at Spien Kop, the prayer was answered.

For the last few days the Lemban deliber, have published four or the columns each of mail matter from their correspondents at the front. These show that the operations which began on January fi and ended with fuller once more going back nerses the funda, on January 5, were for more dramatic than could be imagined from the cubled disnatches.

Record Responsible to and from the cubled disnatches

Leight difference of the control of Washington to secure the Democratic state of the period and firmed and firmed and firmed and firmed and form the first caref for in a manner which will bring patience and and committee of the Democratic National Committee of the Democratic National Committee is expected to regard the convention will see that it is decreased. The subcommittee of the Democratic National Committee is expected to reach Kantional Committee of the Democratic National Committee is expected to reach Kantional Committee is expected dominate the fluor positions, was not de-cided upon until after a council of war, in which General Buller, while personally favoring an immediate retreat across the Tugets, allowed himself to be governed by the entreaties of his subordinates. On Spion Rop.

from were led by the guides over rocky ridges and through bongus, the men below warned to make as little noise as possi-ble, so as not to attract the attention of the Boers posted on the mountain that towered above. To the west the fitful crack of rifle lives showed that the enemy there was snipling at our infantry on the left front, Led by General Woodgate and Col-

onel Bloomfield the Pusiliers began the ardinous ascent. Slowly but steadily press-ing on in single file, the Fusiliers leading.

interest. Hayantits were now fixed, and the nen went intentity into the blackness about. Suddenly, at a clock in the morning, when a third of the entire length of the plateau had been cautiously traversed, a Keffir was learn singing out the alarm. A centry challenged, and the Fuelliers charged with a cheer. An officer bayaneted their weapons, fixed a voiley and holted into the durkness beyond.

The first trench had been were without.

The first trench had been won without

ing on in single file, the Fusiliers leading, the long line of silent fagures crept up the height. Ledge after ledge was passed in silence, the orders being that no shots were to be lired. The work before them was to be done with the bayonet.

"Colonel Thorrey-roft new pressed to the fruit and led the way. The crest of the mountain, fully 2008 feet above its base, was reached about 2.20 orders in the morning of Wednesday, January 24. For below could be seen the lights of the field hospitals dotted on the plain. The night signais on Three-Tree Hill hung like an are of light in the near distance, and told that all was well. tory Failed. of light in the best distance, and the lead-all was well.

The cross having been gained, the lead-but files of Tarracycraft's Mounted In-fautry and the Phalliers advanced along the material. Bayonels were now fixed, and

Boers Were Too Strong for Buller, Who Realized It Before His Troops Went Up the Mountain.

Correspondence of the Assembled From Landson, February 2. "Strengthen as to like a yell through the misty morning."

On the ascent of Spion Kop, the Standard correspondent writes:
"The night was intensely dark. The

WANTED IN CHICAGO. A. H. Gildersleeve Has Been Ar rested in New York. tember 2, 187, at Prairie View Church, Shelby County, Mo. At that time C. A. Cook of Hannibal was elected president. H. P. Smith of Palmyra curresponding secretary, and W. W. Shaw of Parls recording secretary. A semiannual rally, held in Palmyra, February 3, and 25,

Chicago, Iti., March 2.-Captain Colleran has received a telegram from the Chief of Police of New Orleans stating that A. H. Gildersleeve of New York was being held in that city. Oldersleeve gained notoriety in Chicago several weeks ago by mincling

JUDGE PHILLIPS ILL.

Physicians Fear That He Cannot Recover.

RESPUBLIC SPECIAL Hillsberg, Ill., March 2 -Judge Phillips of the Supreme Court is at his home, danger-ously ill with pneumonia and heart trouble. His physicians fear that he cannot recover. It is suid that they have announced to his family that he can hardly live more than two or three days longer.

WON BY EDWARD J. KING.

St. Louis Man's Fast Shorthand Record in National Contest.

Stenographers' Association received the fellowing telegram from New York last night "Edward J. King of St. Louis, your representative, won first grand prize at the sprienal stenographers' tournament, held here this morning. Record, 20 words, L.C. Etavard of Paris, France, was second; cord, 32 words. E. R. COX, Secretary."

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

Fred Siler Tried to Burn Himself to Death,

RECUELR' SPECIAL. Springfield, Mo., March 2-Fred Siler of this city attempted suicide to-day by saturating his clothing with coal oil and then touching a match to it. His wife extinruished the flames and his life was saved. He was severely burned, but not danger-ously. Domestic trouble was the cause. He has since repented and says he will not do so any more.

Out of work? Put an ad, in the "Situa-tion Wanted" column of The Sunday Re-public and secure a position. Twenty-one words for Ic. Any drug store will take

Reward for Saldow's Murderer.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2.—Governor k. Stephens to-day offered a reward of \$25 for the arrest and conviction of the unknown murderer of John Suldow, who was killed in Vernon County, December 1, 182. The reward stands good for one year from date of issue. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Jefferson City, Mo., March 2. Govern

Life and Strength Restored **Palsicd**

Mrs. H. T. Salisbury, of 11 Follett Street, Pawtucket, R. I.,

"About eight years ago, I was taken with nervous prostration which was followed by a partial paralysis of the lower limbs. The doctor called it locomotor ataxia. I could not direct my steps, and I would often fall down. I tried many remedies but was not benefited until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale

People. Several doctors had told me that there was no cure for my trouble, but my improvement continued and I took the pills steadily for two years. At the end of that time I had regained full control of my limbs. The pain left me and has never returned."

MRS. H. T. SALISBURY. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of August, 1899. CARLOS L. ROGERS, Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People Pr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such discusses as locomotor ataxis, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, scintica, neuralgia rheumatism, nervous beadache, the after-effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female. either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cants per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

BILL TO REGULATE STREET CAR SERVICE.

Limbs

OUNCILMAN KRATZ INTRO DUCES THE MEASURE.

He Declares That Many Improvements Are Needed-Council Proceedings.

At the meeting of the Council, held yes erday afternoon, Councilman Kratz introthe street railway corporations to furnish olds are doing more adequate service. The provisions of Mrs. M. W. the bill apply only to the various brunches and divisions of the St. Louis Transit Comand divisions of the St. Louis Transit Company's system, but Mr. Kratz informed the Council that at the next meeting he would introduce enough similar measures to bring fair trial, as I have, and I dars say, all every street railway system in the city un-

ier the same conditions.

The bill provides, in brief, that the com-The bill provides, in brief, that the company operating the various divisions under its charter and franchises shall be compelled to run cars over each of its divisions at intervals as follows: From 5:30 to 8 a.m., at intervals of not more than 2½ minimals at intervals of not more than 2½ minimals at intervals of not more than 2½ minimals at intervals of not more than 2½ minimals. at intervals as follows: From 5.20 to 8 a. m., at intervals of not more than 2½ minutes; from \$ a. m. to 4.20 p. m., at intervals of not more than 4 minutes; from 4.30 p. m. to 8 p. m., at intervals of not more than 2½ minutes; from 8 p. m. to midnight, at intervals of not more than 5 minutes; from midnight to 5.30 a. m. at intervals of not more than an hour.

After the meeting adjourned, Councilman Kratz explained the purpose of the bill.

"The service afforded the public by the stream ratiway men at the present time," he

"The blow was not unfollowed. Others came, and later heavy boats beat a merry lattee upon my ribe, so that I was obligg. The blows diminished my cries, and a harsh voice close to my car warned me to close up or set hurt. I hushed, and the drubbing recommenced. Soon I guess I swooned, for I knew nothing more until I awoke here at the hospital."

increase the number of their cars to comply with its provisions.

"The bills introduced by Captain Hodges and myself do not conflict in any way. If the railway people attempt to oppose these measures, and refuse any relief, we have still other clubs in reserve to compel them to recognize the public demand for adequate service. We can make it a rather expensive undertaking for the railway companies to attempt to oppose the public will."

The bond of the Kern Electric Lighting Company of New York, to which was awarded the ten-year contract for lighting the residence district, was filed with the secretary and read. The bond is for \$20,000, and the National Surety Company of New York is the surety. The document was referred to the Committee on Public Im-

provements

provements.

The resolution adopted by the Board of Police Commissioners at its last meeting, tendering the services of the patrolmen in inspecting the work of the sprinkling contractors, at a saving to the city of about succeeding the work of the sprinkling contractors, at a saving to the city of about succeeding the work of the sprinkling contractors, at a saving to the city of about succeeding the saving to the city of about succeeding the contract of the provided and filed.

The demands of Public Improvements favorable reported a bill vacating a small plut of ground on Shenandoah street, addicting Shaw's Garden, which the Shaw instead desire to improve. The bill was ordered to congressment. trustees desire to improve. The bill was ordered to courossment.

The bill appropriations \$1,000 for the catching and killing of dogs was favorably reported and passed. In explaining the appropriation, Councilman Schnoll presented a statement showing that from the end of the last fiscal year to date 2,366 dog Hornses had been sold, bringing a revenue of \$7.008. Since December 1 the keeper of the dog pound had imprisoned 2,500 dogs. Of this number 2,342 were killed, 184 redesemed by owners, and 64 remain in the pound. The expense of this work has been borne by the superintendent of the pound, pending an appropriation.

the superintendent of the pound, pending an appropriation. The matter of filling the vacancy in the Mullamphy Board, caused by the resignation of James Adkins, was laid over for another meeting. No candidate has yet applied to fill the vacancy, and the position appears to be going a-begging.

A number of reconstruction bills were favorably reported, and the Council adjourned to meet next Tuesday.

DIFFERENCES ADJUSTED.

Miners Obtain an Eight-Hour Workday-New Scale,

Springfield, Ill., March 2 - The miners and perators agreed upon a scale for the next year, beginning April 1, late to-night. The general advance of 2 cents, as recommended by the indianacolis conference, has been added to the scale. The Williamson County scale was fixed at 42 cents to-day. The dif-ferential between machine and pick mining

THEY ARE CONVINCING.

Statements of a Neighbor Are to Be Believed.

Nothing so Convincing as What Persons Whom We Know and Respect Say.

There is nothing so convincing as the statements of people whom we know and respect. If your neighbor tells you some-thus, you know it is true; no neighbor will decrive another. So that is the way it is with Kid-ne-oids. The statements of peo-ple living right here in Missouri are pubduced a bill whose purpose, according to lished, that you may ask these people and his statement, is to compel the managers of find out the great good Merrow's Kid-ne-

Mrs. M. W. Jacobs, No. 517 North Fourth street, Butler, Mo., says: "People who are afflicted with Kidney and Liver troubles, their doubts will be removed. I suffered for more than a year from backacho, or a dull puln across the small of my back, and

caused a big fight. Miners contended for a cent differential and operators is cents. The miners won. An eight-hour workday was adopted. The miners are to pay \$1.55 a keg for powder, which is to be purchased from the operators.

WHEELER WILL RESIGN.

Disgusted With Treatment in the Philippines.

Washington, March 2.-General Joseph Wheeler has written a private letter to a friend, which was received here to-day, and in which he announces that he will resign his brigadier generalship in the army as soon as he arrives in Washington and can make his formal reports to the Secretary of War, General Wheeler is coming to San Francisco on the transport Warren, and is accompanied by his daughter Anme of the Red Cross, General Wheeler also states in his letter that he proposes to go back into politics, and will stand for re-election to Congress. The General has become disgusted with army life as it was vouch-safed to him in the Philippines. It is stated to day on good authority that about six weeks ago it was infinated to him by Secretary Root, evidently on the suggestion of the President, that the General's resignation would not be declined if it were offered.

It occurs to General Wheeler's friends in which he announces that he will resign

fered.
If occurs to General Wheeler's friends, that the Administration has no further use for the brave old General, efficer in the twid or in the balls of Congress, as a champlon on the Democratic side, and that he is simply to be cast aside as a ence useful friend of the President.

ROOT STARTS FOR CUBA.

To Confer With General Wood Regarding Conditions There. Washington, March 2-Secretary Root left Washington to-day for a flying trip

left Washington to-day for a flying trip to Cuba. With him were Mrs. Root, Misa Root, Edward Root, his son; Colonei Carter, Assistant Adjutant General; Private Secretary W. S. Coursey and Arthur Brooks, attendant. The party had a special car over the Southern Railroad.

It is expected that the trip will occupy about two weeks, allowing for a week's tour around the island of Cuba. The army transport Sesigwick is on her way to Tampa and the party will embark on her to-mortow for Havana.

It is known that the main object of the trip is to enable Secretary Root to confer personally with General Wood, and as the latter will accompany the Secretary on his tour around the Island, there will be ample opportunity for such conferences.

It is gathered from rather urgent communications that have been received here from Havana, that notwithstanding the apparent sevenity of conditions in Havana and Cuba senerally, General Wood has reason for grave apprehension as to the future; of herenise of the nossibility of outbracks.

Established 1823. WILSON WHISKEY. That's All!

C.A.Cook-Hannibal, Mo.

B. Y. P. U. then elected H. P. Smith

Vice President.





vice president, and W. W. Shaw of Paris secretary and treasurer.

On November 9 and 16, 1828, a semianmular raily, at which the Reverent E. E. Chivers, D. D., of Chicago, general secretary of the E. Y. P. U. of America, was present, was held in Paris, and this meeting was exceedingly profitable and instructive.

The third annual meeting was held in Sheibina on March 2 and 5, 189, Most of the unions were represented there, and the following, who are the present officers and Board of Managers, were then elected; President, Howard P. Smith, Primyra; vice president; C. A. Cook, Hannibal, secretary and treasurer, W. W. Shaw, Paris, Board of Managers; H. P. Smith, chalirman, Palmyra; W. W. Shaw, secretary, Paris; J. F. Renshaw, Warren; R. N. Gibert, Honnibal; M. B. Powers, Paris, M. P. Nofen, Monroe City; H. B. Doohitie, Palmyra; C. A. Cook, Hannibal; W. E. Freekrad, Sheibina; H. E. Williams, Providence; H. P. Talbot, Salem; Frank Baker, Bethel; C. W. Sharp, Hester; W. P. Bowleg, Emerson; Harry Carson, Sheibyville; Ernest Lek, Philadelphia,

Secretary Treasurer.